



## Quantifying Environmental Influences on Lidar Sensors for Simulation

Dr.-Ing. Clemens Linnhoff & Dr.-Ing. Philipp Rosenberger

# Persival at a Glance

## Perception Sensor Simulation & Model Validation



### Project highlights

- Sensor model customization and performance evaluation for the ASAM OSI interface <https://github.com/OpenSimulationInterface>
- Automated perception sensor model testing for Open-Source Sensor Models for BMW in the GAIA-X4PLC-AAD project <https://github.com/GAIA-X4PLC-AAD>

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Clemens Linnhoff & Philipp Rosenberger

### Founders



#### Dr.-Ing. Philipp Rosenberger, CEO

Responsible for business development

Founding member of the change-control-board (CCB) for the ASAM Open Simulation Interface

Expertise: *Metrics for Specification, Validation, and Uncertainty Prediction for Credibility in Simulation of Active Perception Sensor Systems*



#### Dr.-Ing. Clemens Linnhoff, CTO

Responsible for technical development

Founding member of the maintainer for perception sensor models at asc(s e.V. - ENVITED Open Source Model & Simulation Library

Expertise: *Analysis of Environmental Influences for Simulation of Active Perception Sensors*

### Customers

**BMW GROUP**



### Active Member of



CCB of ASAM Open Simulation Interface

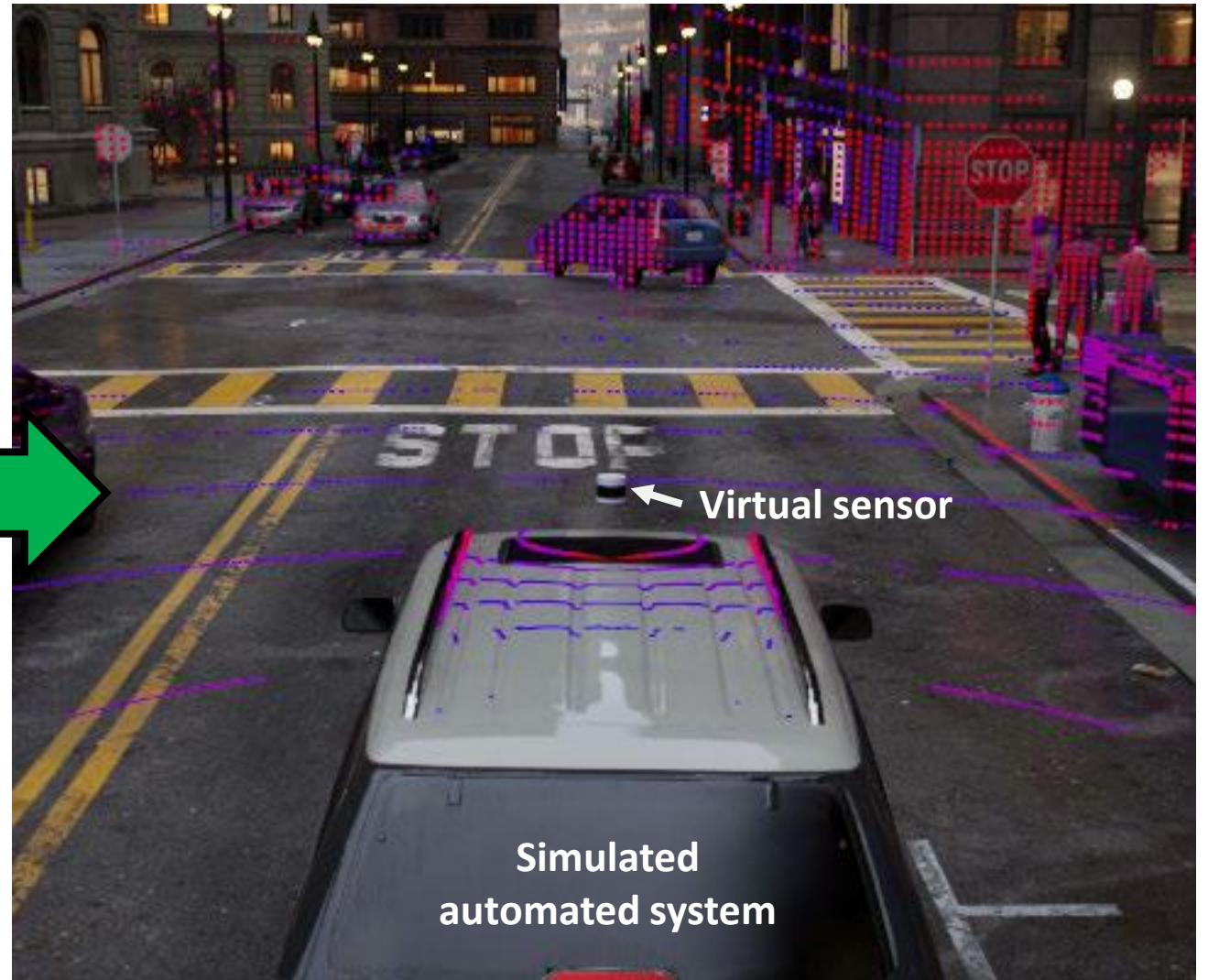
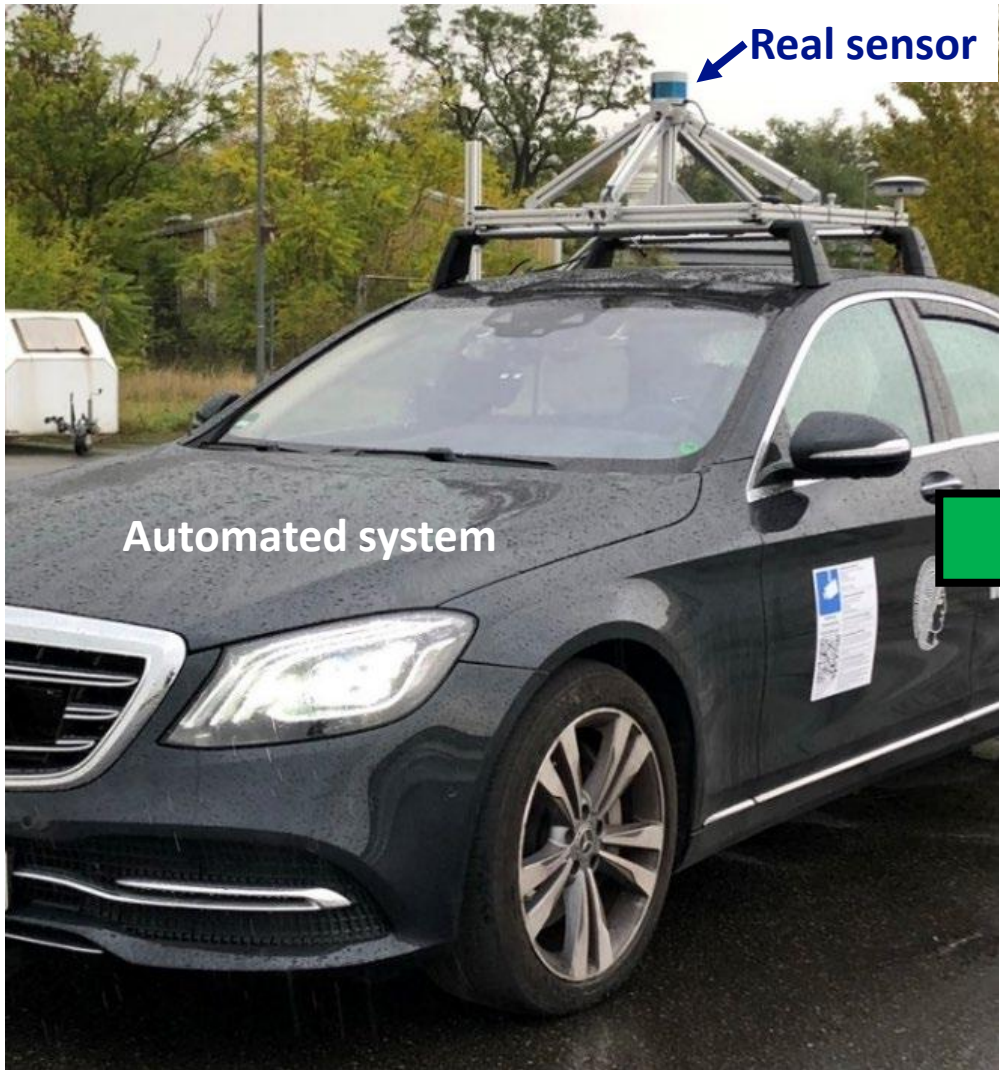


Automotive Solution Center for Simulation

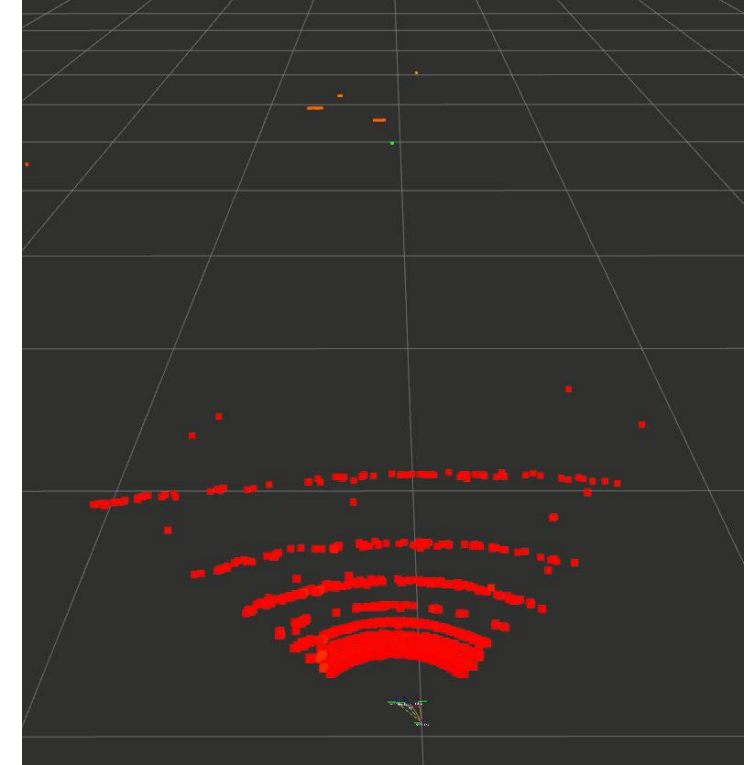
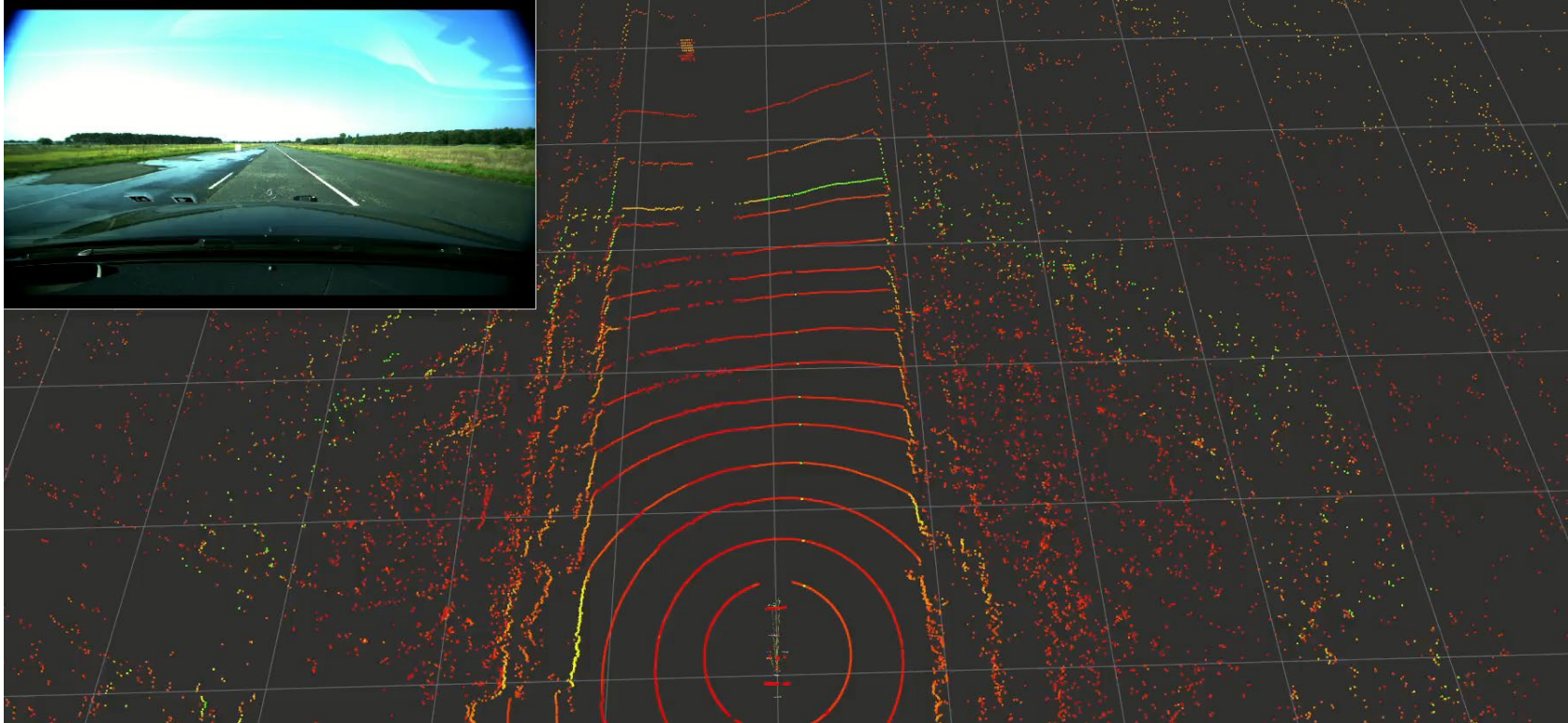
### Spin-off from



# Target: Testing of Automated Systems in Simulation



# Problem: Environmental Influences



Environmental influences on lidar such as road spray or rain can be critical for autonomous systems. Therefore, they need to be included in simulation models for virtual testing.

# Three Questions to be Answered

- ① What environmental conditions exist in road traffic?
- ② How do these conditions affect lidar?
- ③ How can the influences be quantified and simulated?

# What are Environmental Conditions ?

**Definition:** *An environmental condition is every entity that is added to an idealized object-based surrounding to describe a real-world environment.*

Leaves

Exhaust Gas

Wind

Smoke

Adverse Temperature

Rain

Headlights

Broken Water Hydrant

Hail

Wet Pavement

Fog

Blinding Sun

Snow

Dust

Wet Road

Windshield Washer

Road Spray

Humidity

Sound

# What are Environmental Conditions ?

## Object Independent Conditions

Rain

Blinding Sun

Fog

Snow

Hail

Humidity

Adverse Temperature

Wind

## Object Dependent Conditions

Road Spray

Windshield Washer

Wet Pavement

Exhaust Gas

Broken Water Hydrant

Dust

Smoke

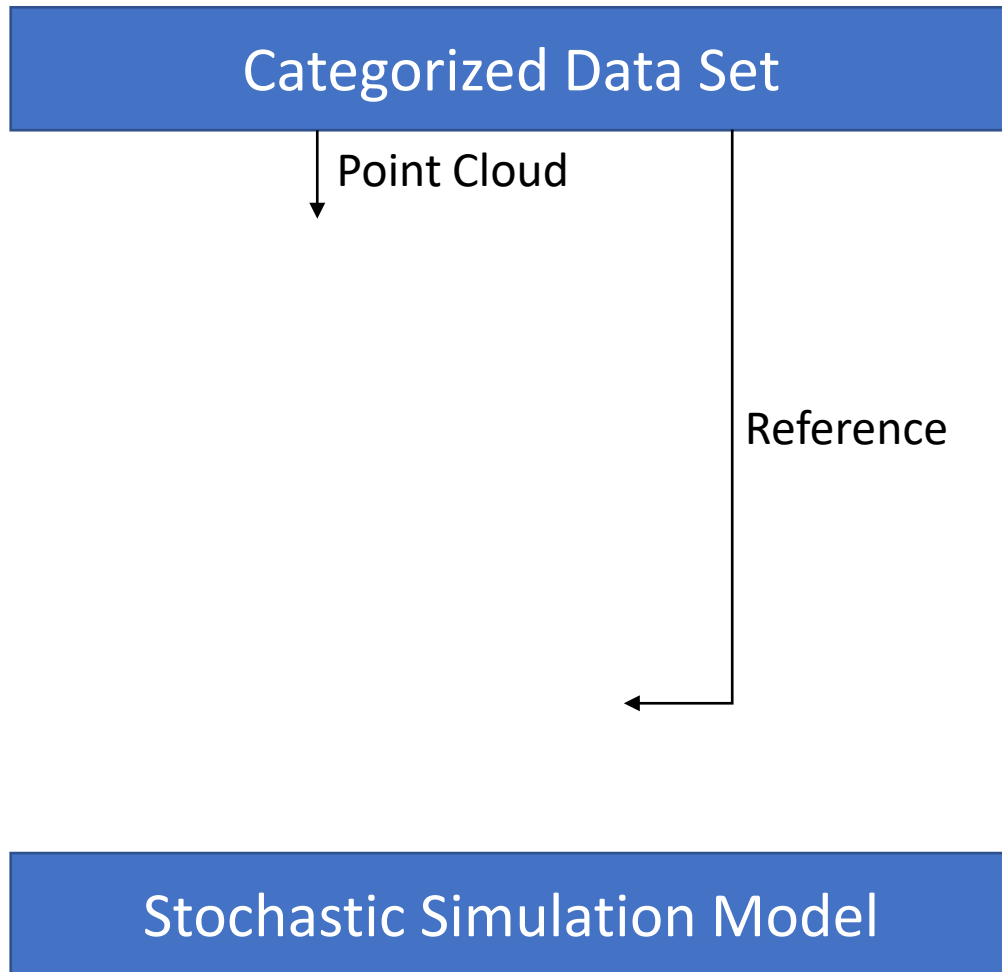
Leaves

Headlights

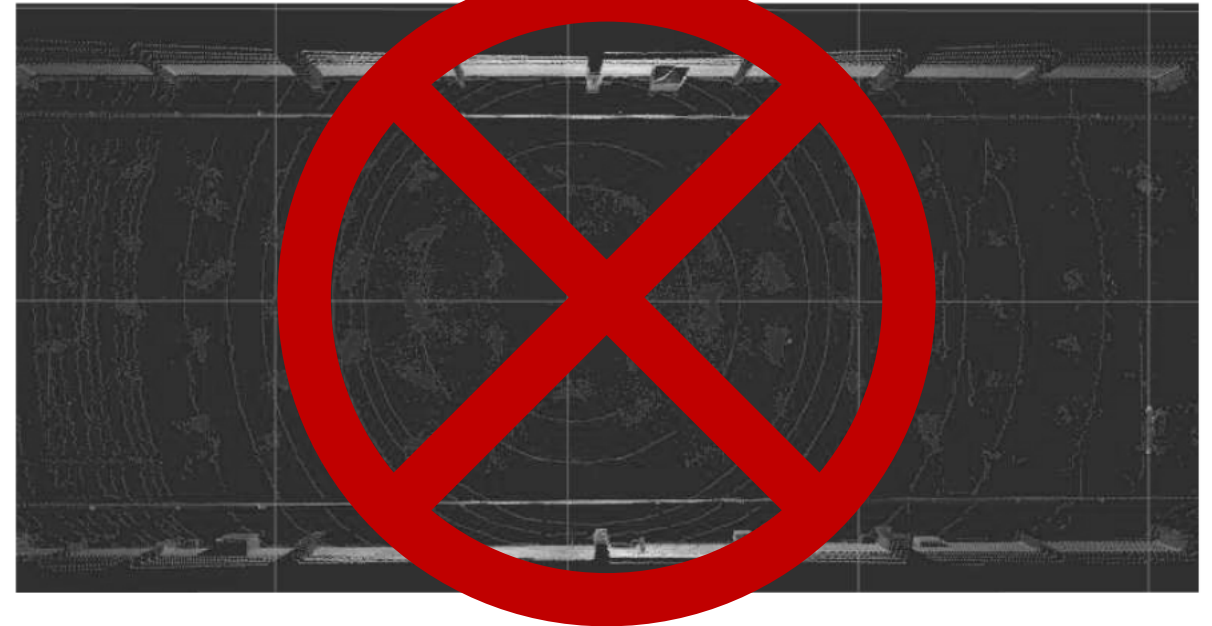
Wet Road

Sound

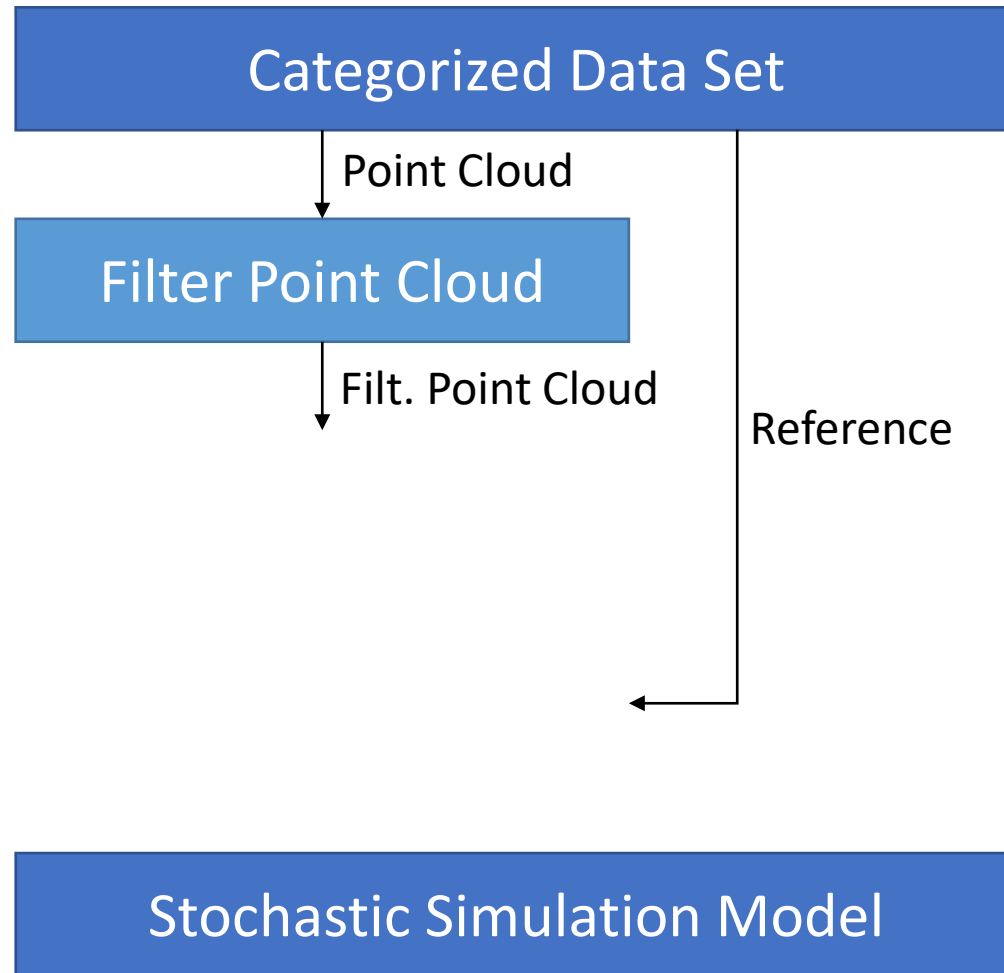
# Method



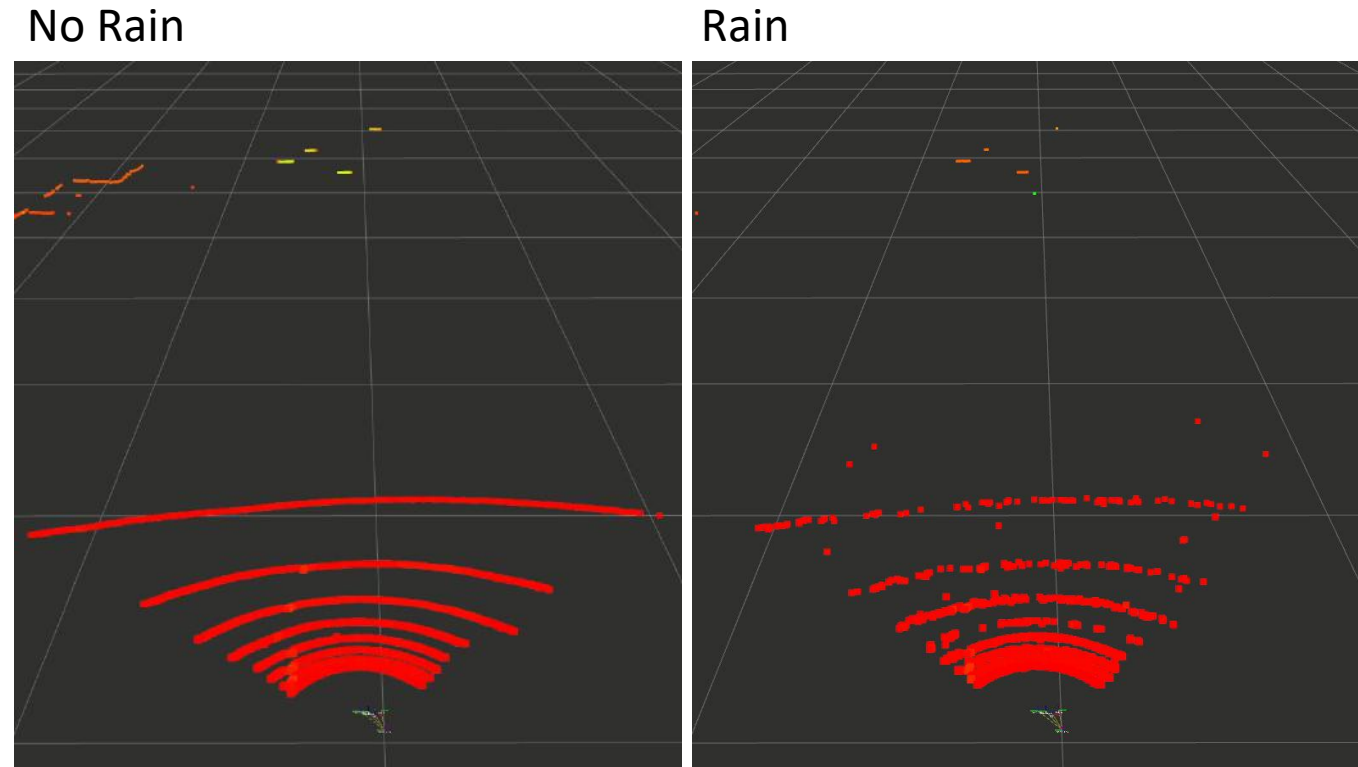
- Real-world measurements
- Reference sensors
- Change only one parameter at a time
- Systematic setup to allow semi-automatic analysis



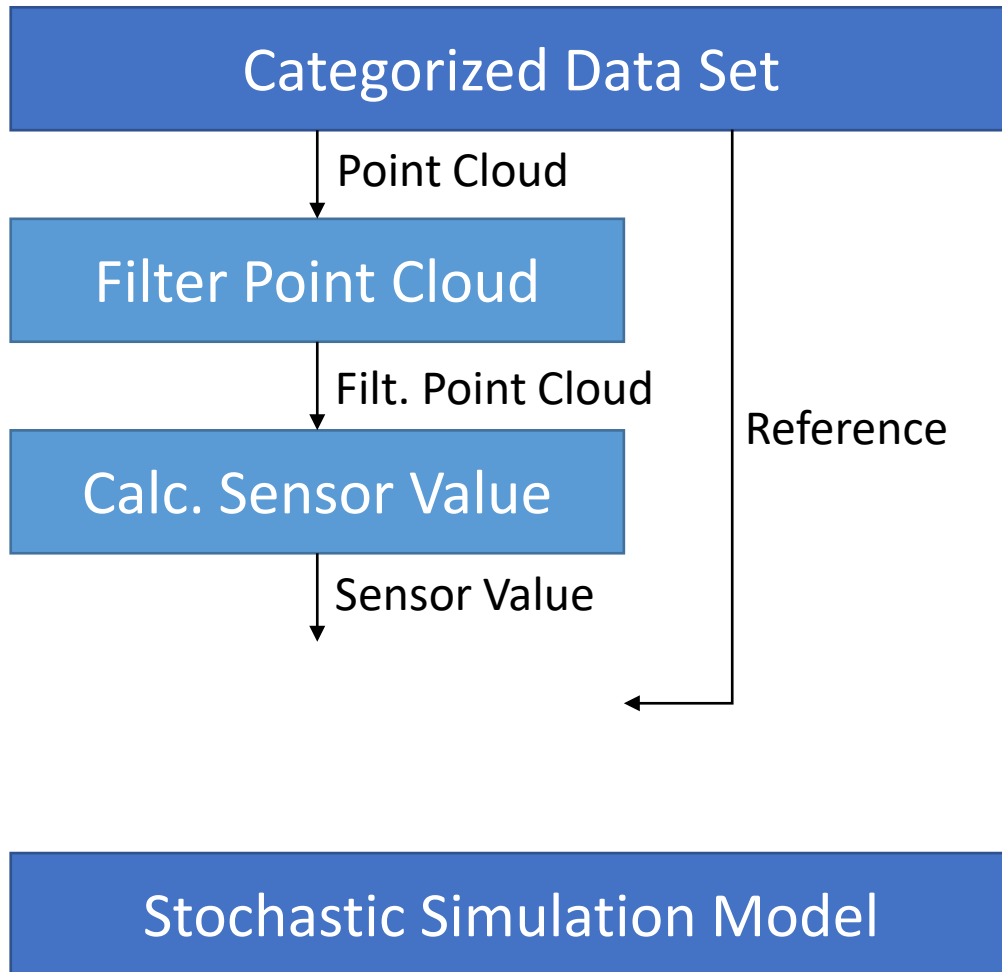
# Method



- False-positive detections
- Atmospheric attenuation

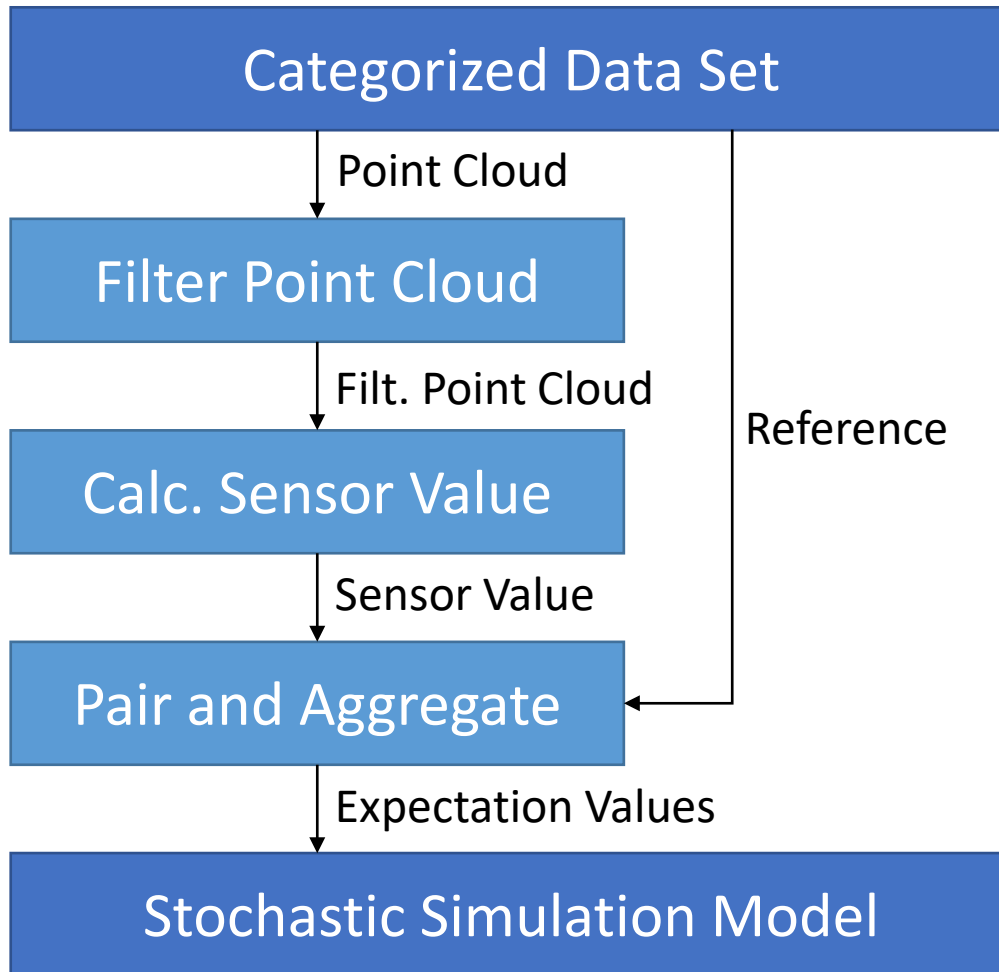


# Method

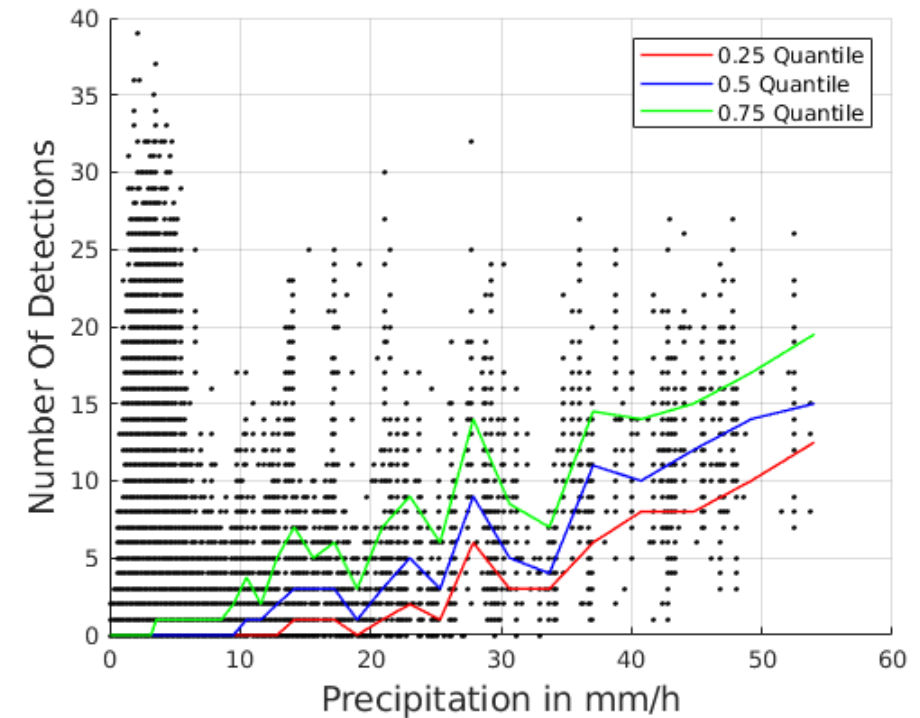


- False-positive detection in atmosphere
  - Number of detections
  - Position distribution
  - Intensity distribution
- Atmospheric attenuation
  - Detection loss in certain distances

# Method

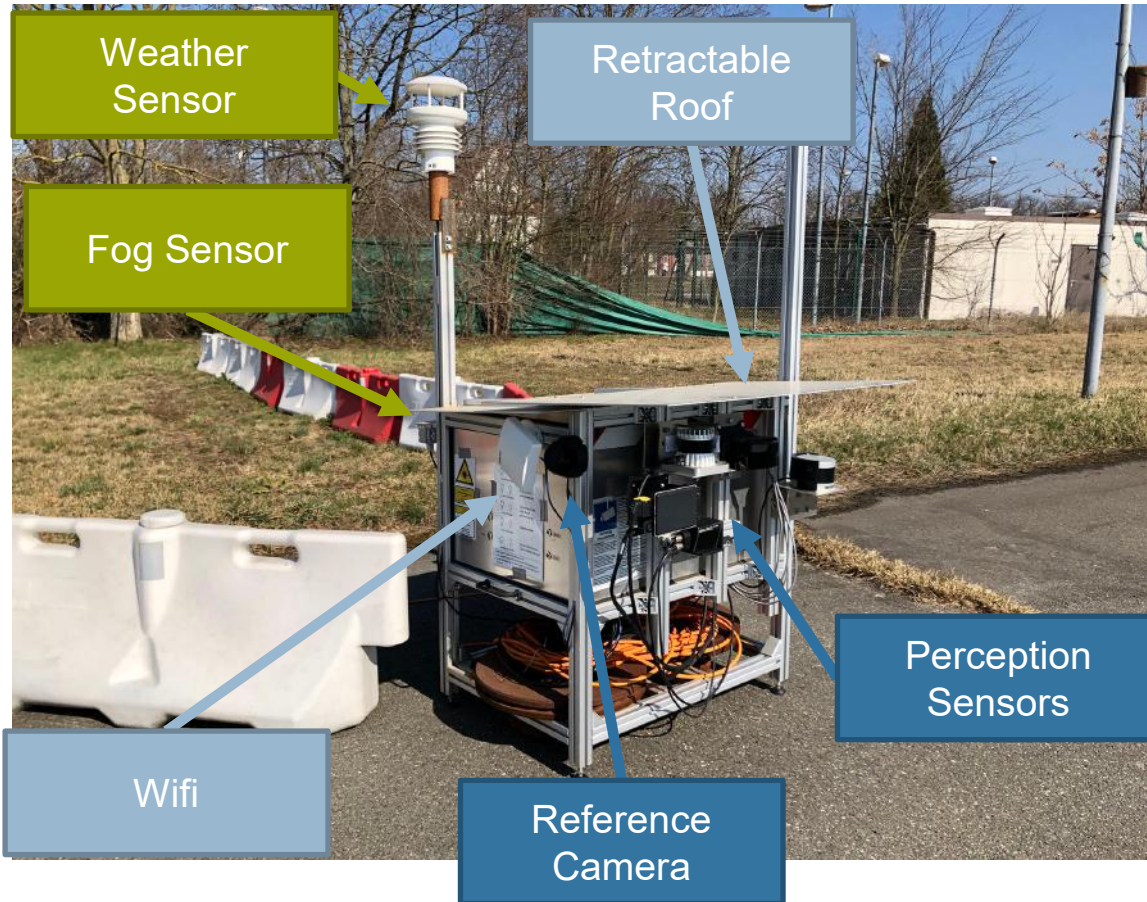


- Use all data available
- Get median values over several measurements

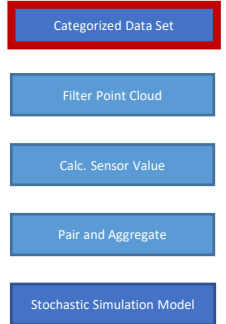


# Object Independent Influences

## Data Set

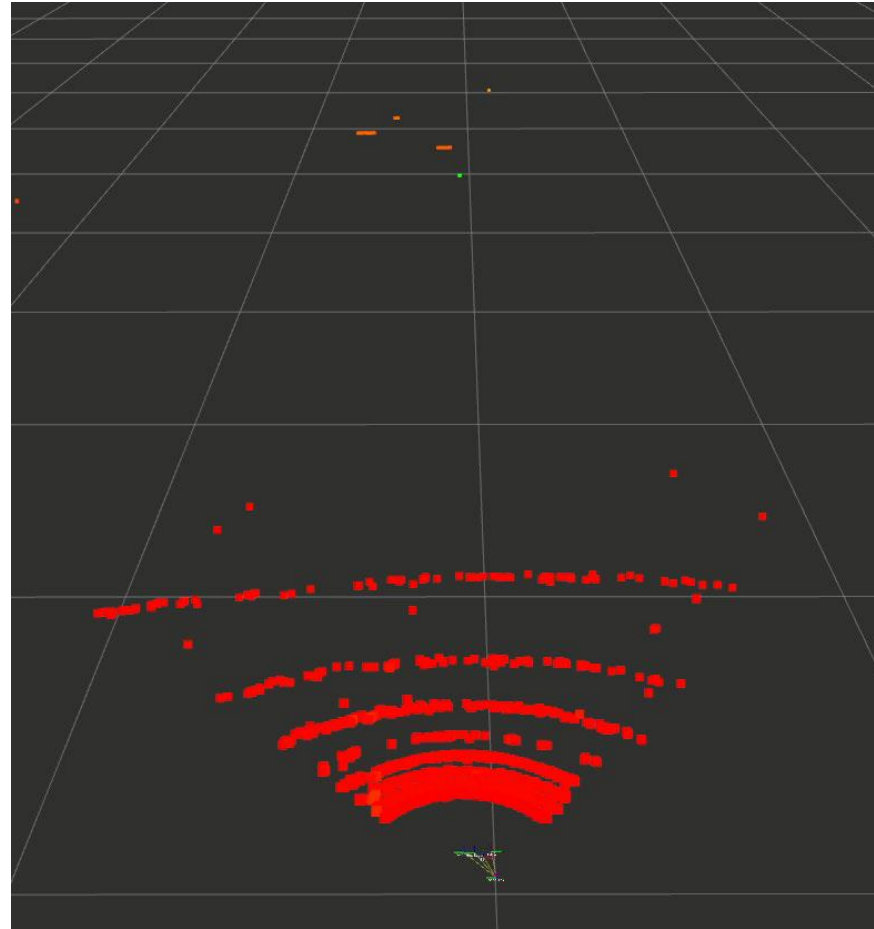


- Stationary, automated experiment
- Reference values
  - Precipitation rate in mm/h
  - Brightness in lx (incl. direction)
  - Meteorological visibility in m
  - Synop present weather code



# Object Independent Influences

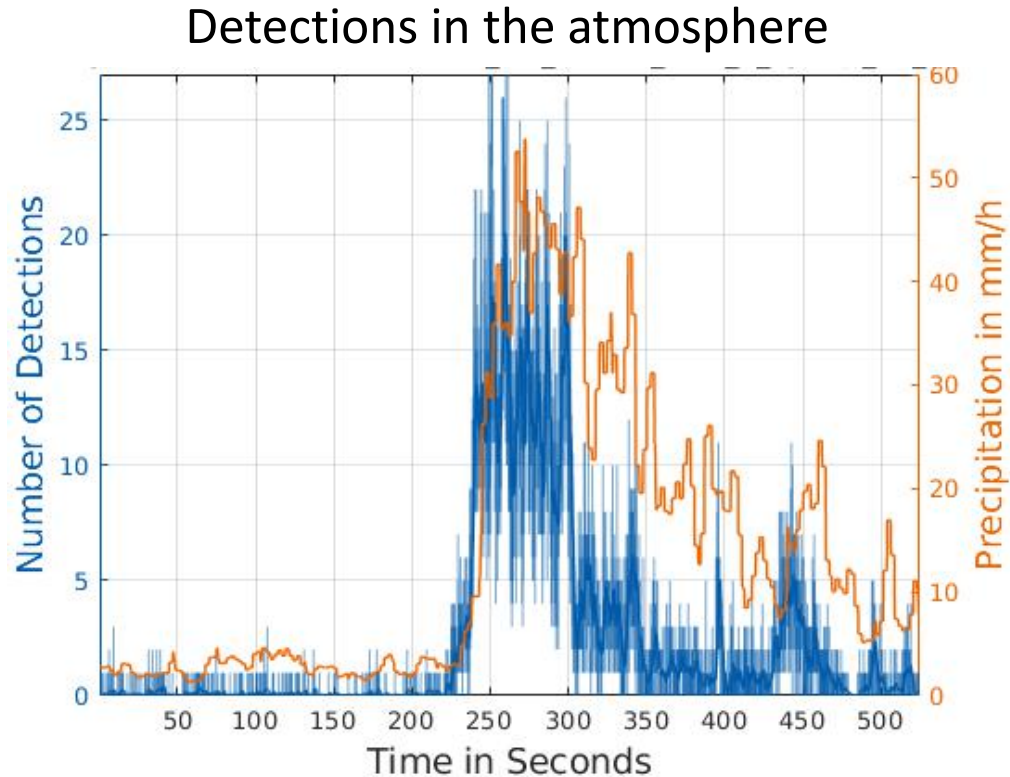
## Data Set



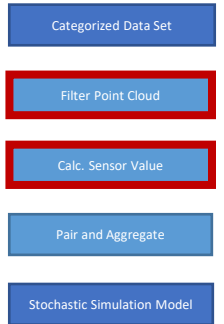
- Categorized Data Set
- Filter Point Cloud
- Calc. Sensor Value
- Pair and Aggregate
- Stochastic Simulation Model

# Object Independent Influences

## Filter Point Cloud / Sensor Values



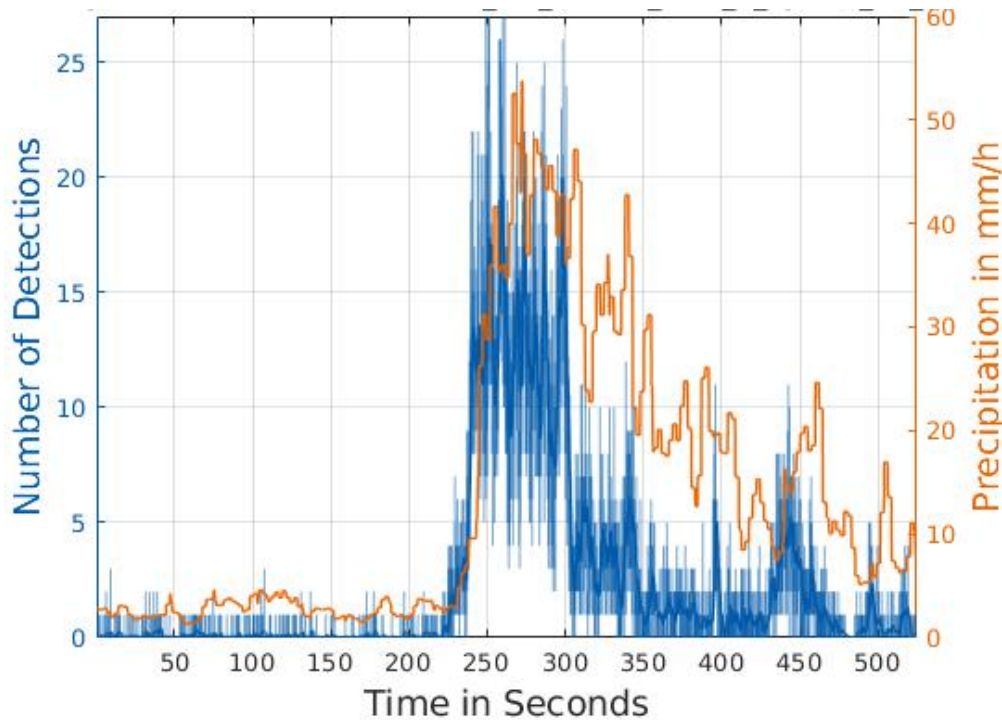
- Targets
  - Detection probability per distance
- Atmosphere
  - Detection probability per beam
  - Range to atmospheric detections
  - Intensities



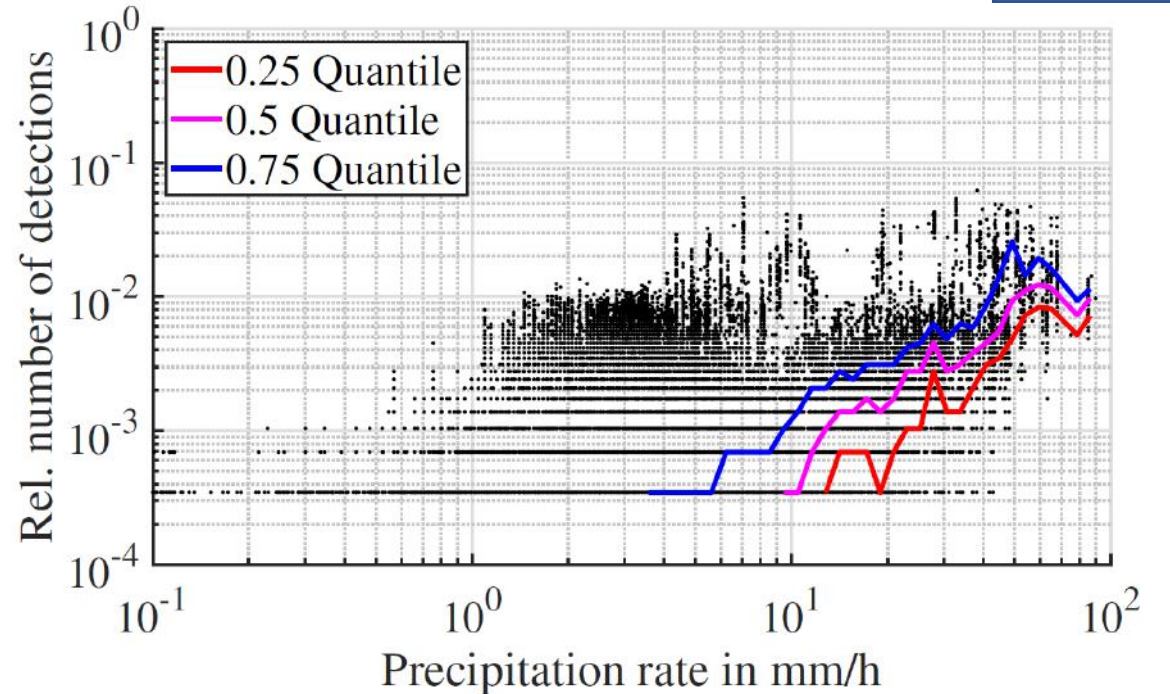
# Object Independent Influences

## Pair and Aggregate

Detections in the atmosphere



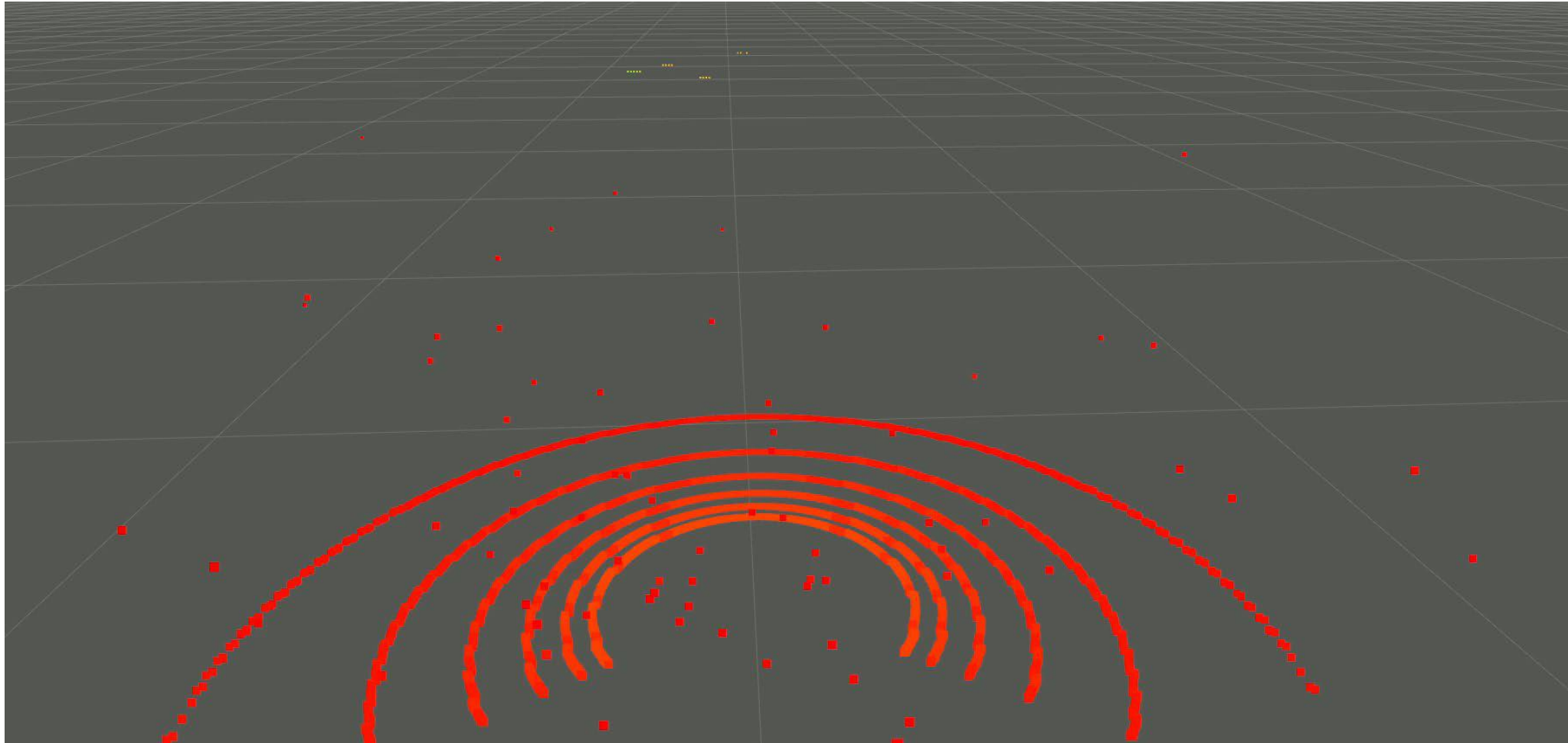
Aggregate,  
Sort



- Categorized Data Set
- Filter Point Cloud
- Calc. Sensor Value
- Pair and Aggregate**
- Stochastic Simulation Model

# Object Independent Influences

## Simulation



- Categorized Data Set
- Filter Point Cloud
- Calc. Sensor Value
- Pair and Aggregate
- Stochastic Simulation Model**

# Object Dependent Influences

## Data Set



Experiments with varying objects, speeds and water levels



Categorized Data Set

Filter Point Cloud

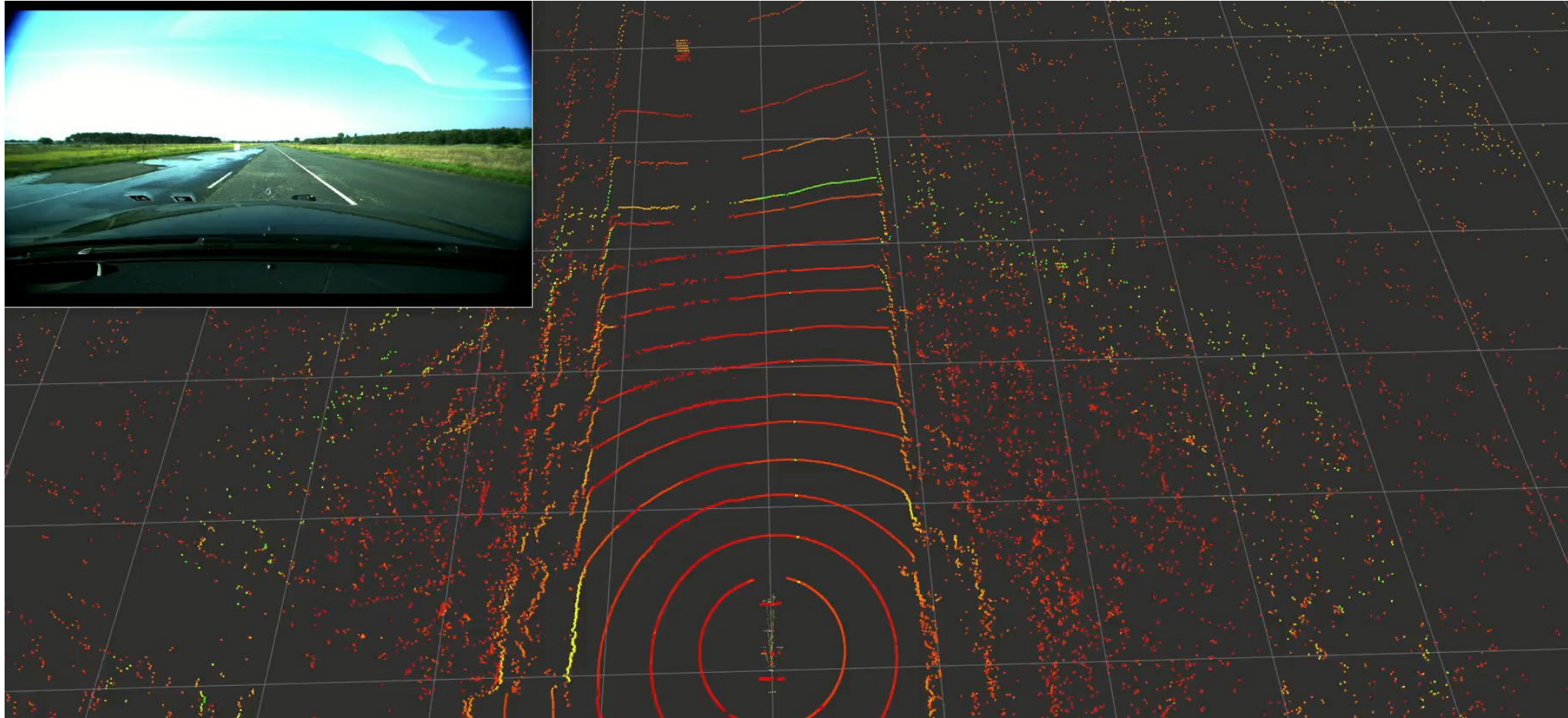
Calc. Sensor Value

Pair and Aggregate

Stochastic Simulation Model

# Object Dependent Influences

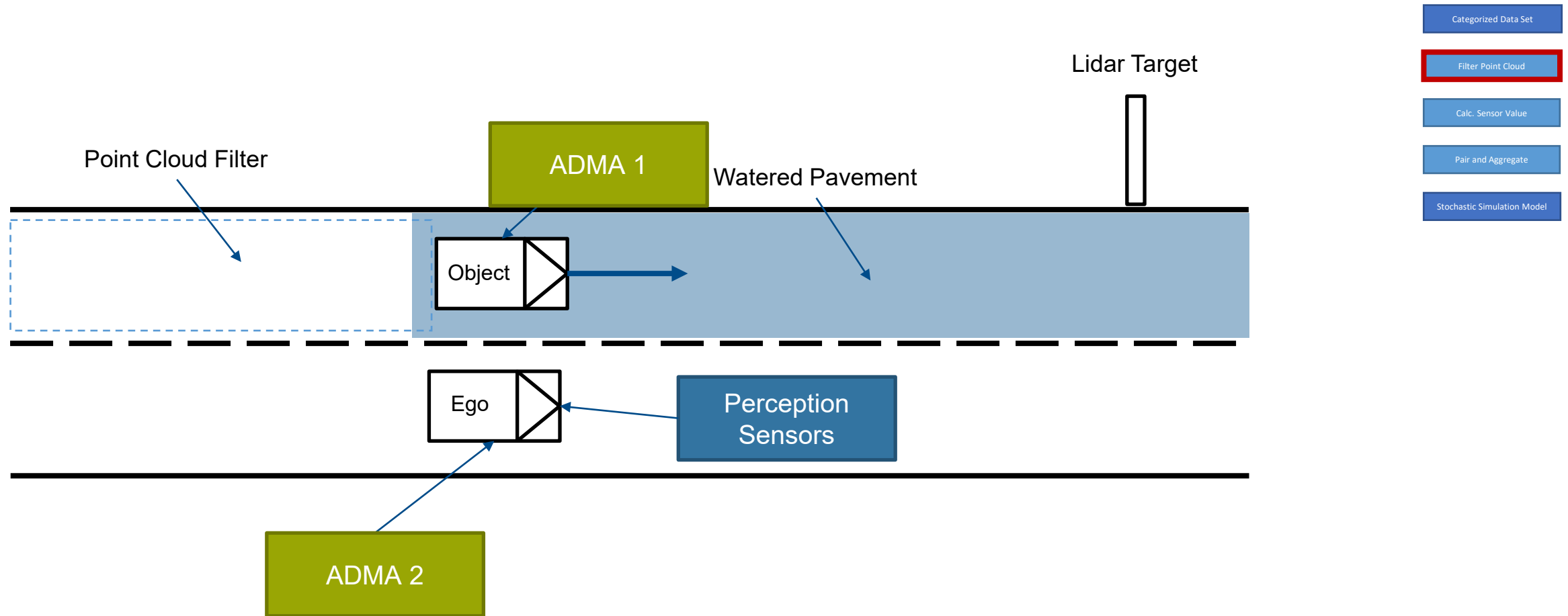
## Data Set



- Categorized Data Set
- Filter Point Cloud
- Calc. Sensor Value
- Pair and Aggregate
- Stochastic Simulation Model

# Object Dependent Influences

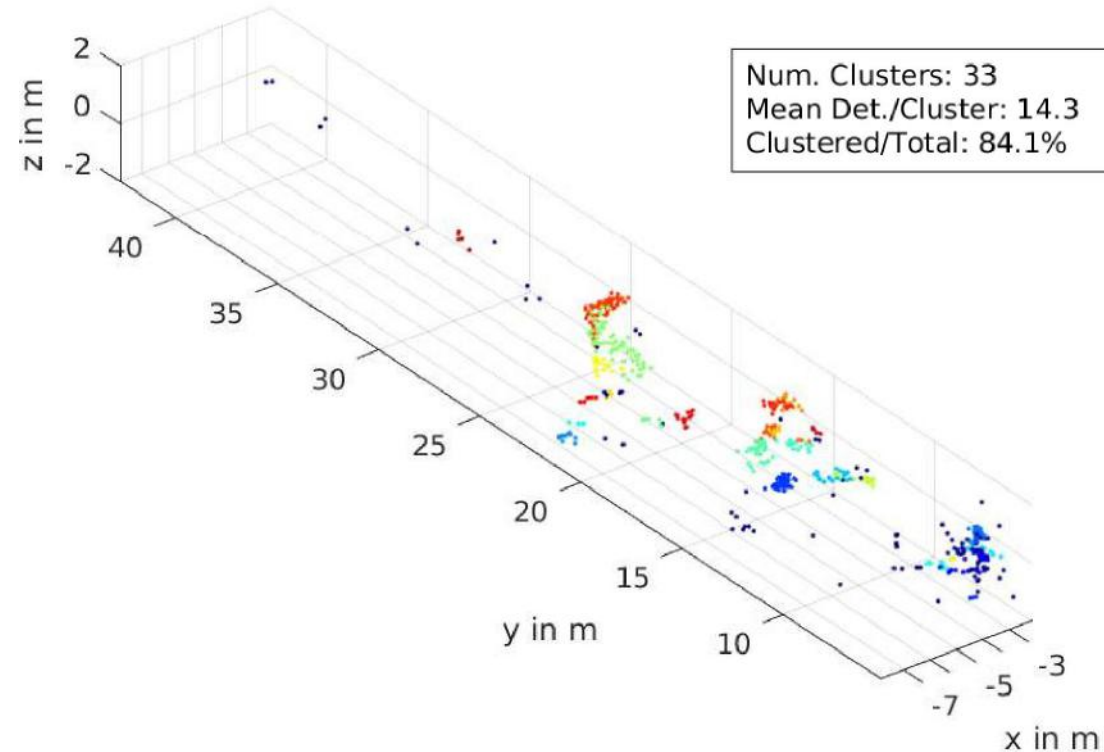
## Filter Point Cloud



# Object Dependent Influences

## Calc. Sensor Value

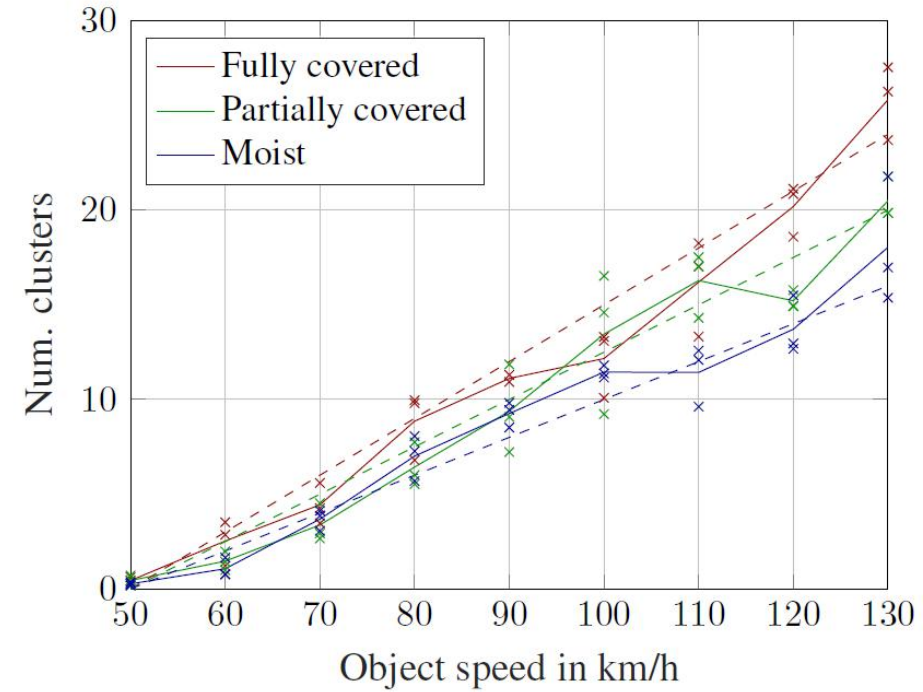
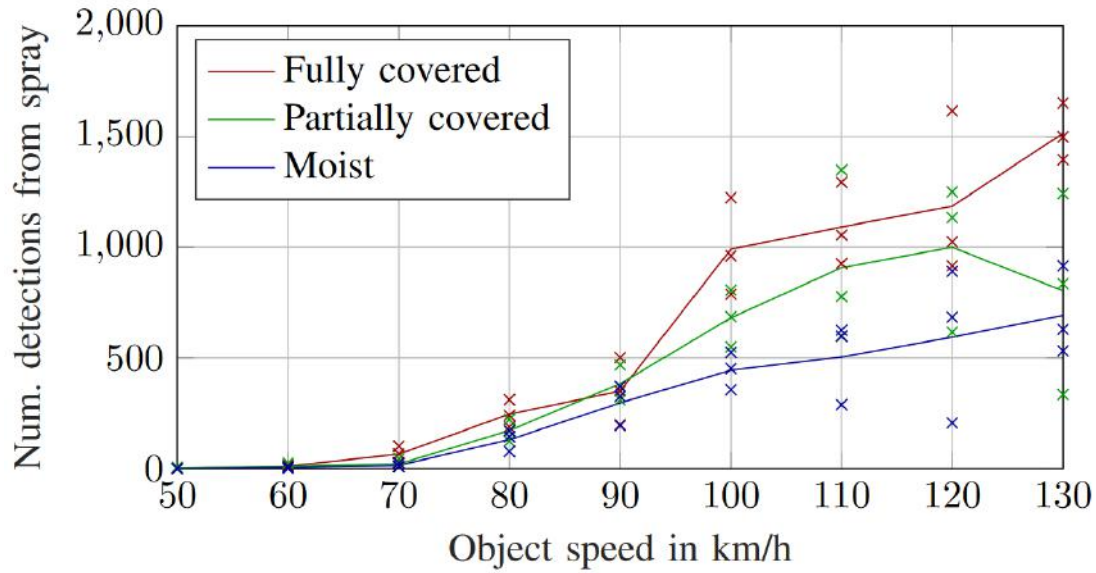
- Number of clusters per scan
- Cluster radius
- Detection probability in cluster
- Dissipation time constant
- Cluster movement (incl. wind influence)
- (Attenuation)



- Categorized Data Set
- Filter Point Cloud
- Calc. Sensor Value
- Pair and Aggregate
- Stochastic Simulation Model

# Object Dependent Influences

## Pair and Aggregate



- Categorized Data Set
- Filter Point Cloud
- Calc. Sensor Value
- Pair and Aggregate**
- Stochastic Simulation Model

# Object Dependent Influences

## Simulation



- Categorized Data Set
- Filter Point Cloud
- Calc. Sensor Value
- Pair and Aggregate
- Stochastic Simulation Model**

# Perception Sensor Simulation & Model Validation

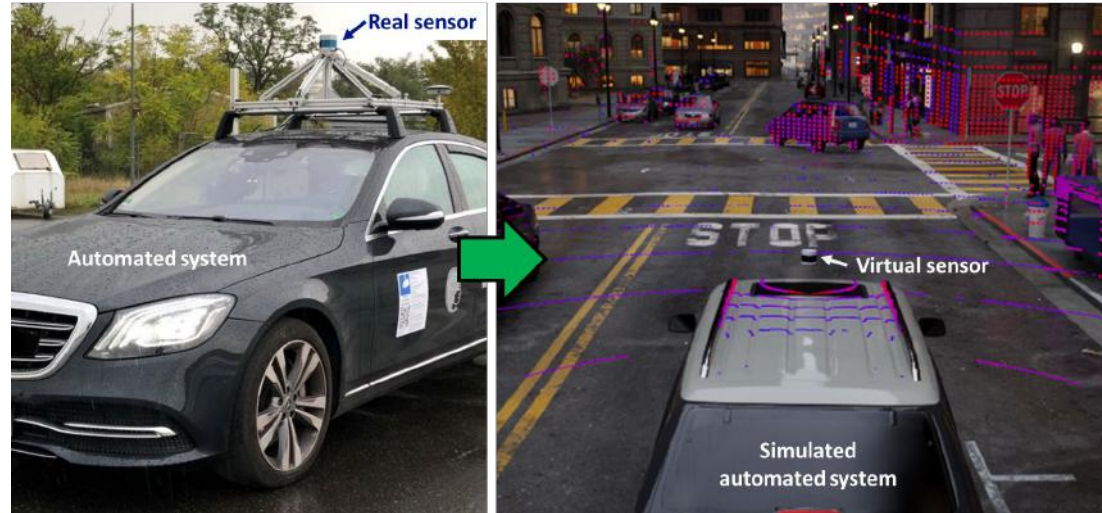
## The Full Package for Perception Sensor Modeling

### Requirement Analysis

PerCOLLECT, CEPRA, ODD / parameter space



[github.com/PerCOLLECT](https://github.com/PerCOLLECT)



### Sensor Model Customization

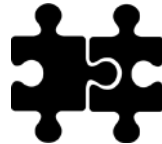
Basis e.g.: OpenMSL Open Source Perception Sensor Models with object and/or detection in-/output



[github.com/OpenMSL](https://github.com/OpenMSL)

### Sensor Model Integration

Incl. usage and further development of ASAM OpenX standards like Open Simulation Interface (OSI)



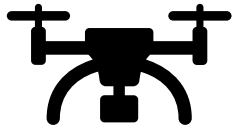
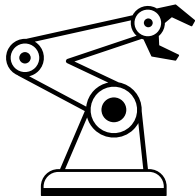
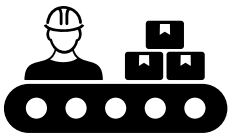
### Sensor Model Validation

Sample validation measurements with reference sensors on test track  
Uncertainty quantification of models for their application

# Targeted Markets



## One Solution – Multiple Domains



# Further information

- FZD Datasets: <https://www.fzd-datasets.de/overview/>
- Perception Sensor Collaborative Effect and Cause Tree (PerCOLLECT) for Lidar: <https://github.com/PerCOLLECT/LidarLimbs>
- asc(s e.V. - ENVITED Open Source Model & Simulation Library: <https://github.com/openMSL>
- Linnhoff et al.: *Measuring the Influence of Environmental Conditions on Automotive Lidar Sensors*, <https://www.mdpi.com/1424-8220/22/14/5266>
- Linnhoff et al.: *Simulating Road Spray Effects in Automotive Lidar Sensor Models*, <http://arxiv.org/abs/2212.08558>
- PhD thesis Linnhoff: *Analysis of Environmental Influences for Simulation of Active Perception Sensors*, <https://tuprints.ulb.tu-darmstadt.de/23116/>
- PhD thesis Rosenberger: *Metrics for Specification, Validation, and Uncertainty Prediction for Credibility in Simulation of Active Perception Sensor Systems*, <https://tuprints.ulb.tu-darmstadt.de/23034/>
- ASAM e.V. OpenODD: <https://www.asam.net/standards/detail/openodd/>

# Questions to the Audience

- How will the shown influences possibly affect downstream signal processing algorithms? (object detection, SLAM etc.)
- Is it possible to have a generic simulation model with environmental conditions that can be parameterized to different lidar sensors?
- What part does the ODD play when considering environmental conditions? (There is no rain in parking structures, but there is a lot of dust on a corn field)

# Persival

Perception Sensor Simulation & Model Validation



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